



2.6.1. Programme Outcomes (POs) and Course Outcomes (COs) for all Programmes offered by the institution are stated and displayed on website and attainment of POs and COs are evaluated



2.6.1 Index

| Sr. No. Particulars | | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Pos and Cos displayed on website Link | |
| 2. | Sample of Pos and Cos displayed on college notice board | |
| Direct Ma | iterial of mapping of Pos and Cos | |
| 3. | Sample of Cos, Pos Attainment | |
| 4. | Survey on Attainment of Pos, PSOs and Cos for Academic Year (5 Years) | |
| | Indirect Method of mapping of Pos and Cos | |
| 5. | Student Progression for Highest Education | |
| | | |

IQAC COORDINATOR

PRINCIPAL



Teaching-learning and Evaluation

Key Indicator 2.6

Student Performance and Learning Outcome

2.6.1.

Programmed Outcomes (POs) and Course Outcomes (COs) for all Programmed offered by the institution are stated and displayed on website



| Sr.No | Particulars |
|-------|--|
| 1 | Vision & Mission statement of college |
| 2 | Program outcomes (POs) |
| 3 | Course Outcomes (COs) |
| 4 | Course Outcomes of B.A |
| | Course Outcomes of B.SC |
| 5 | Communication of Vision, Mission, POs, and Cos |



Vision & Mission statement of college

Vision:

To Make Students Well Educated, Empowered and Self Earner and to contribute to the creation of an inclusive and responsible society in rural India.

Mission:

To provide quality education in rural areas to create efficient human resources. To producing quality students to cater to the needs of society by imparting skill-based education through the effective teaching-learning process. To encourage female education in rural areas. To impart basic knowledge and develop skills, aptitudes, and competencies to meet future challenges.

Objective:

To provide besides formal education, the professional and career oriented coursesto be persuaded simultaneously to complement traditional, fundamental and liberal education

Po's of B.A Programme (Program Outcome)

Generic and Domain Knowledge - Ability to articulate, illustrate, analyze, synthesize and apply the knowledge of principles and frameworks of management and allied domains to the solutions of real-world complex business issues

Problem Solving & Innovation - Ability to Identify, formulate and provide innovative solution frameworks to real world complex business and social problems by systematically applying modern quantitative and qualitative problem solving tools and techniques.

Critical Thinking - Ability to conduct investigation of multidimensional business problems using research based knowledge and research methods to arrive at data driven decisions

Effective Communication - Ability to effectively communicate in cross-cultural settings, in technology mediated environments, especially in the business context and with society at large

Leadership and Team Work - Ability to collaborate in an organizational context and across organizational boundaries and lead themselves and others in the achievement of organizational goals and optimize outcomes for all stakeholders.

Global Orientation and Cross-Cultural Appreciation - Ability to approach any relevant business issues from a global perspective and exhibit an appreciation of Cross Cultural aspects of business and management.

Entrepreneurship - Ability to identify entrepreneurial opportunities and leverage managerial & leadership skills for founding, leading & managing startups as well as professionalizing and growing family businesses.

Environment and Sustainability - Ability to demonstrate knowledge of and need for sustainable development and assess the impact of managerial decisions and business priorities on the societal, economic and environmental aspects

Social Responsiveness and Ethics - Ability to exhibit a broad appreciation of the ethical and value underpinnings of managerial choices in a political, cross-cultural, globalized, digitized, socioeconomic environment and distinguish between ethical and unethical behaviors & act with integrity.

Life Long Learning – Ability to operate independently in new environment, acquire new knowledge and skills and assimilate them into the internalized knowledge and skills.

Po'S of B. Sc Programme(Program Outcome)

Knowledge: Learners are encouraged to apply the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals to various solutions of complex problems. As such, knowledge of the subject is the sole objective of any student learner. A student is exposed to a wide range of topics in various subjects and is given intensive training in each of the courses that have laboratory related work

Problem Analyses: Well equipped with an understanding of the analytical methods involved, they are in a position to interpret and analyze results so obtained from experiments and draw suitable conclusions against their supported data acquired. At the end of the program, students will be able to identify, formulate and analyze scientific problems and reach concrete solutions using various principles of mathematics and sciences.

Designing Solutions: Having acquired knowledge of subjects, students are trained to think out of the box, design and conduct an experiment or a series of experiments that demonstrate their understanding of the methods and processes involved. For example, as a part of the project of the final year, students in the subject of Physics are encouraged to calculate the overall power consumption of the institution and think of ways and means of minimizing this consumption through alternate sources of energy.

Modern tool usage: As an outcome of PO-1, PO-2 and PO-3, learners are trained to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources and IT tools in the analysis and synthesis of data within limitations. (Outcome of final year project).

Communication Development: The medium of instruction being English, proficiency in the subject through English is one of the primary objectives of the science program. In order to improve the writing and oral skills of learners, the program caters to ensuring that learners become effective, clear communicators in written and oral work and are capable of explaining complex issues in accessible terms.

Employability: With our learner's long-term professional pursuits being quite varied, many are drawn to careers that require scientific skills or technical expertise or strong quantitative reasoning abilities. Keeping this in mind, the institution apprises students of various employment opportunities that are available in areas of their choice through the Placement cell.

Ethics: While it is necessary to instil the spirit of competitiveness among students in a world of increasing competition, it is equally vital to develop a strong sense of ethics among learners that will help them develop some positive attitudes and values. This includes appreciation of the various principles and theories that evolved in science, the impact that science has on social, economic and environmental issues. One of the main objectives of any academic exercise, therefore, should be to produce well-groomed individuals who understand the significance of ethical values and abide by them even in the most pressing circumstances.

Environment and Sustainability: 'Environmental sustainability' has become the watchword of the 21st century. An increased engagement with environment related concerns is appearing tangibly on global fronts; academics cannot and should not remain quarantined from this massive development. Through classroom discussions and research projects, this programme facilitates active dialogues with factors which influence human-ecology interactions.

Soft-Skill Development: Apart from the attainment of knowledge and hand son skills in practical applicability of the subject, learners need to be equipped with soft-skills and values which will help them function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multidisciplinary groups. These soft skills include leadership, teamwork, project-management, positive outlook, innovative approaches and effective articulation

Science and Society: As an outcome of PO-1, PO-2 and PO-3, learners are encouraged to apply logical reasoning based on the knowledge, skills, designing solutions to assess societal, health, safety issues and the responsibilities that go along with the scientific practice



Department:BA

Program Specific Outcomes (PO's)

Course outcome of each Subject

Class: -BA I Year 1st -Paper

Economics

Micro economics

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | Definition and scope and nature of Economics nature resources land water lily stop and forest. | Students will be able to learn Introduction and importance of economics. |
| 2 | Law of demand and its expectation giffen goods. | Students will be able to learn Effect of price in demand of law. |
| 3 | Law of supply and elasticity of supply. | Students will be able to learn Effect of production for supply of law. |
| 4 | Meaning and classification of market and perfect market. | Students will be able to learn about Meaning of market and types of market. |
| 5 | Theory of rent and interest. | Importance of Rent and interest of Economics. |

Class: - BA I Year Paper 2nd

Economics

Indian Economics

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|--|
| 1 | Characteristics of Economics. | Aware about Economics function of water land and Agriculture. |
| 2 | Nature importance of electric characters of Indian agriculture. | Importance of agriculture of economy. |
| 3 | New industrial policy of 1991. | Globalization and privatization of government sector. |
| 4 | Role of foreign direct investment. | Importance of International Trade of FDI. |
| 5 | Natural resources of Madhya Pradesh land forest water and mineral. | Roll off nature resources of MP. |



Class: -BA II Year Paper 1st

Economics

Macro Economics

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | Concept of macroe conomics between micro and macro. | Definition and difference of macro and micro economics. |
| 2 | Classical theory of employment. | JB se theory of market. |
| 3 | Investment function and affecting investment. | Meaning of investment function and effect of market. |
| 4 | Money m e a n i n g and function. | Meaning and types of money. |
| 5 | RBI Bank meaning and types. | The role of RBI in Indian Economics. |

Class: -BA II Year

Paper 2nd

Economics

Public Finance international economics

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Kind of Texas introduction of goods and service tax GST. | General introduction of GST and types of GST. |
| 2 | Budget definition and preparation. | Budget importance and role of Indian economy. |
| 3 | Meaning and importance of international economics. | Importance of International Trade of Economics sector. |
| 4 | World Trade Organization WTO. | Role of WTO in international trade. |
| 5 | Theory of exchange rate. | Concept of appreciation and depreciation of currency. |



Class: -BA III Year Paper 1st

Economics

Development and Environment economics

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|--|
| 1 | Network concept of characteristics of development in country. | |
| 2 | Theory of economics development Adam Smith. | Adam Smith theory roll of economics development. |
| 3 | Theory of big pose rodan. | Growth developing countries role of big push theories. |
| 4 | Development techniques capital and Labor techniques. | Benefit of capital and Labor techniques and theories effect. |
| 5 | Concept of Sustainable development. | Importance of sustainable development. |

Class: - BA III Year

Paper 2nd Economics

Statistics second level

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|--|
| 1 | Meaning and definition of statics. | General concept and importance of statistics. |
| 2 | Measures of Central tendency mean - Median Mode. | Role of measures of Economics. tendency Of |
| 3 | Correlation. | Importance of two several Of correlation. |
| 4 | Concept number. of index | General concept of index number. |
| 5 | Concept of role of probability. | Types of probability. |



Class: - BA I Year II Paper

Political Science

India Government and Politics

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Brief History of the Movement Formation of the Indian Constitution and their sources Preamble of the Indian Constitution Salient features of the Indian Constitution | Brief History of Indian National Movement as well as Constitution after Independence |
| 2 | Fundamental Rights and Duties, Principles of State Policy Federal Executive President's Cabinet Prime Minister | Along with Fundamental Rights and Duties, the Directive Principles of State Policy were explained to the students. |
| 3 | Indian Parliament Lok Sabha Rajya Sabha Supreme Court Center State Relations Election Commission | Children were told how the proceedings of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha are conducted in the Indian Parliament, as well as how the Supreme Court discharges its responsibility by being neutral. |
| 4 | State Government Executive Governor Council of Ministers and Chief Minister State Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council | How the executive discharges its responsibilities in the state government, information was provided to the students about the responsibilities of the fellow governor and the chief minister in the cabinet. |
| 5 | Political parties National and regional parties Caste religion language regional in Indian politics so that the role of poverty eradication and electoral reforms | Along with the national and regional parties, information was provided to the students about electoral reforms from caste religion language to eradication of poverty. |



Class: - BA II Year II Paper

Political Science

Constitution of major countries

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | Their Features Features of the Constitution of Britain | Features of the British Constitution Along with this the difference between King and Crown |
| 2 | Features of the US Constitution | The main features of the US Constitution, as well as the powers of the President, as well as the executive, legislature and judiciary, and the Senate were told to the students. |
| 3 | Features of the Constitution of Switzerland | The main features of the constitution of Switzerland, along with the executive legislature, the judiciary, were explained to the students about the direct democracy |
| 4 | Features of the Constitution of People's China | Along with the main features of Democratic China, the students were made aware about the communist system and executive and legislature there. |
| 5 | comparative study | In the last minute, students are asked to do a comparative study of the President of America and the Prime Minister of the British and the Senate of America and the House of Lords and the General Assembly and China and other parties. |



Class: - BA II Year I Paper Political Science

Representative Political Thinkers

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - AfterCompletion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Salient features of Indian political thought-Manu, kautilya and Buddhist tradition. | Features of Ancient Indian Political Thought Made the students aware of Kautilya'sSaptang Principle. |
| 2 | Salient features of western political Thought-Plato and Aristotle-plato and Aristotle. | The students were made aware about the characteristics of councilor political thinking. |
| 3 | Salient features of modern political thought- Machiavelli,Hobbes,Locke, Rousseau, Jeremy Bentham, John S.Mill. | Introduced the students about why Machiavelli is called the infant of the modern age, explained the principle of utilitarianism of fellow Germy Bentham, how happiness and sorrow are part of human life. |
| 4 | Communist thinkers: Mark, Lenin and M.N.Roy. | The communist thinker will explain to the students about Marx's dialectical materialism as well as explain the theory of class struggle in which the rich are getting richer and the poor are getting poorer. |
| 5 | Indian political thinkers: Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. B.R.Ambedkar, Ram Manohar Lohiya ,and Pt. DeendayalUpadhyay. | movement in Indian Indian political ideas, civil |

Class: BA I Year I Paper

Political Science

Basic Principles of Political Science

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Meaning of Political Science, Nature Field and Relationship of Political Science with other Social Sciences | Meaning definition of political science along with other social sciences sociology history make students aware about the relation of political science with psychology and geography |
| 2 | State and State Principles | Students were made aware about the different theory of origin of state along with definite Bhopa government and sovereignty. |



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Samaj Prabodhan Sanstha's

Unipune ID: CAAA020760 AISHE CODE – C-59888

| 3 | rights and duties | Rights and duties along with liberty, equality, justice, public welfare, state power and authority were explained to the students. |
|---|---|--|
| 4 | type of government | Types of Government in a Unitary Federal Parliament Atma Students were informed about Presidential Government |
| 5 | Political Parties Over Pressure Groups | Information was provided to the students about national and political parties and pressure groups in political parties. |

Class: BA III Year I Paper

Political Science

India Foreign Policy

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | India's Foreign Policy | Good India The determining elements of the meaning of India's foreign policy were explained to the students on questions of national interest and in addition diplomacy. |
| 2 | India's relations with neigh boring countries | The students were made aware of the development of India's foreign policy in the context of India's foreign policy and its salient features. |
| 3 | India | The principles of India's foreign policy were widely conveyed to the children about the purpose of foreign policy. |
| 4 | regional organization | What is the basic fundamental of India's foreign policy, what is the geographical conditions of the historical, cultural and how it was created in the international dialogue, the students were made aware? of it. |
| 5 | Contemporary International Issues | The students were briefed on India's foreign policy towards other neigh boring nations as well as India's relations with Afghanistan with other neigh boring nations such as Bangladesh Bhutan Nepal Nepal Myanmar. |



Class: BA III Year II Paper

Political Science

Public Administration

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Public administration | The meaning of public administration is the nature and the difference between the region and public administration and private administration and the new public administration. |
| 2 | Principles of Organization | The students were explained in detail about how the main executive discharges its responsibilities, etc. |
| 3 | Personnel administration | Recruitment Training in Public Service After their promotion, the students were briefed about the Public Service Commission and union public service commission. |
| 4 | Finance administration | How the budget is prepared, how the accounts and accounts are done, etc., were explained in detail to the students. |
| 5 | Development administration | The students were explained in detail how the bureaucracy plays its role in development administration as well as the role of Panchayati Raj Institutions at the local level and how the Lokpal and Lokayuktas function and what is e- Governance. |

Class: BA I year 1 paper

<u>History</u>

Sub – History of India and from earliest times to 1200 A.D

| Unit | | Learning outcome- after completion of course student will able to - |
|------|---|--|
| Ι | Geographical Structure Of India, pre Historic | Got information about ancient Indian history get acquainted with the geographical structure of india. |
| II | | In india complete information about physical religion which was acquainted with the ancient civilization was abtained. |
| III | chandraguptashoka dhamma, downfall | knowledge of mouryan and governance |



| IV | Gupta empire, political, social, economic and cultural life, vakataka, dynasty, gurjar-pratihar, history of Kashmir-karkot and lohar dynasty. | |
|----|--|--|
| V | Important dynasties of south indiarashtrakutas, cholas, pallavas and chalukyas – social e conomic , cultural life, mohammad –bin-qasim , turkinsh invasion mahmudgazanvi and mohammadghori. | |

B.A- I Year II paper

History

Western World (mid-15th century to 1870)

| Unit | Course content | Learning outcome –after completion of student will able to |
|------|---|---|
| Ι | Sources of medieval Indian history foundation and consolidation of Delhi sultanate –QutubuddinAibak and Iltutmish razia and balban, the khiljirevolation Alaudd inkhilji his conquest and reforms the mongolinvation | Society information is received about the is istablishment of razia sultan the first woman ruler of india |
| II | Mohammad bin Tughluq firozshahtughlaq decline of delhisultanatvijaynagar and bahamani kingdoms Timur invasion and its impact lodhi dynasty invasion of the mughals, babarhumayun and sher shah surirul off rana kumbha and rana sana in Indian history | Attention was paid to the Agriculture industry which was done for protection of the Delhi sultan from forgin invasion |
| III | Akbar -consolidation and territorial expansion of the Mughal empire his religious and ruajput policy Jahangir shahjahanmughul –sikh relation rise of marathasshivaji his conquest and administration Aurangzeb and the decline | The hindumuslim general who were acquainted with the establishmemt of nationality during the period of akbar become familiar from there |
| IV | Sufi movemenets the sant tradition in india during sultanate period- agriculture, industry, trade, economicand administrative system. | Familiar with the administration system gat acquainted with the unique specimen of architecture art. |
| V | Mughal administration mansubdari system social and religious life status of woman economic life agriculture trade commerce and architecture during mughul period role of Rani Durgawatijijabai and chandbibi in history | The tradition arrived at the end of india familiar with the movement in the social and religious fields |



Class B.A. II PAPER-I History of India (1200 to 1739) History

| Unit | Course | Learning outcome- after completion of |
|------|---|---|
| | | course student will |
| | | able to - |
| Ţ | The beginning of modern Era- Renaissance, | |
| Ι | decline of Feudalism, Reformation and | political situation of is the century |
| | counter Reformation | |
| | Economic Revolution of the modern West - | |
| | Mercantilism and Commercial | |
| | Revolution beginning of Colonialism | |
| | Industrial Revolution. industrial revolution in | 1 |
| ** | England causes and impact on society, | |
| II | industrialization in other countries USA, | |
| | Germany, Russia, Japan. Glorious revolution | |
| | of | |
| | 1688 A.D. | |
| III | American Revolution (1776 A D.) Cause and | The hindus ,who were acquainted with the |
| 111 | effects,French Revolution | establishment of unit during the period of |
| | - nature causes and effects. and its aftermath | Akbar become familiar with the muslim |
| | | general |
| | Age of Napoleon Bonaparte- Rice and fall, | Become familiar with the movement in social |
| IV | Vienna Congress (1815), age of metternich, | and religious field different from the end |
| | Revolution of 1830 and 1848 A.D .and their | tradition of India |
| | impact over Europe, Eastern question up | |
| | to | |
| | Crimean war. | Due to liberalize in the world succially in |
| v | Liberalism In England - act of 18.32 and | 1 5 |
| · | Chartist movement , act of 1867 | England, the movement against power in may |
| | A.D., American civil war, with reference to | 5 |
| | Abraham lincoln and the abolition of slavery, | |
| | Napoleon III unification unification of gramany | |
| | and Italy. | |
| | iuiy. | |
| | italy. | |



Class B.A. II PAPER 2

<u>History</u>

Main Currents of World history from 1871 to 2001 A.D

| Unit | Course content | Learning outcome –after completion of course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| Ι | Third republic of France, Kaiser William I, home and foreign policy of Bismarck Kaiser William II. | The word has been divided in to two factions has had adverse consequences perhaps the information of the diplomacy is obtained. |
| II | Africa and turkey –scramble for Africa Eastern Question Russo –Turkish war Berlin congress (1878),Young Turk movement and the Balkan wars I and II Russian revolution | Injustice anarchy led to revolution movemen t |
| III | Europe –fist Word war –causes and result Russian revolution 1917 ,Wilson s fourteen principal pairs peace conference Treaty of Versailles League of Nation | A National federation is establishment for the peace of the word that should be establishment after being aware of the affect of the |
| IV | China and Japan Imperialism and colonialism in china Japan first & second Opium wars taiping rebellion Boxer movement Chinese Revolation - 1911, demands for concession in china Japan – the meiji restoration modernization of Japan rise of militarism Russo Japanes war 1905 Sino –Japanese war 19327 Fascism in Italy | It is know that the word has become in the completion of colonialism and socialism |
| V | The Chinese Revolution of 1949 emergency of third word and non – alignment UNO and global, dispute ,Cold war ,end of the cold war | Information about the origin of non alignment is obtained |



Class: BA III year 1 paper

<u>History</u>

History of India from 1740 to 1857 A.D

| Unit | Course | Learning outcome- after completion of course student will able to - |
|------|---|--|
| I | Sources of modern Indian history political trends in the mid 18th century, Advents of Europeans in India , Anglo — French conflict in Karnataka, third Battel of Panipat. Establishment of East India company in India , battle of Plassey and Buxar , diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa , dual government. | The arriral of erupean companies in the in the 18th century was first repotet in by shri ganesh of britishepire |
| п | Growth of colonial administration – warren hastings and lord Cornwallis, regulating Act. Pitts'sindia Act. Charter Act of 1813&1833 A.D , anglo – maratha relations , anglo – mysoreretation ,Wellesley and the subsidiary alliance. | Constitution history evolation from ane to establishment of low and order |
| Ш | Maharaja ranjitsingh and anglosich relation, lord hasting and british paramount, downfall of Marathas, anglo – Burmese relation, anglo – afghan relation, lorddbalhousie and doctrine of lapse, his administration and reforms, resistance to the british rule, various peasant and tribal movement, first of woman in freedom struggle – laxmi bai a awanti bai, jhalkari bai. | the nutritional result to the Indian by the British government will be the first sleep sadhguru,sshreeganeshawa nk ened the patriotic spirit of the student |
| IV | Indian Renaissance , Socio – Religious Movements- raja rammohanroy and brhamasamaj , lord william Bentinck , devendranathragore , ishwarchandravidhasagar , datyanandsaraswati , Islamic revivalism feraizi and wahabi movements, status of women , the state of indigenous education, growth of western education , modernization of india, conspiracy of lord macauley ,the downward filteration theory. | There was awareness in the society about the movement launched by the Indian social reformer in various fields |
| v | British land revenue settlement – permanent settlement, ryatwati and mahalwari system, condition of peasants, rual indebtedness, commercialization of agriculture, dain of wealth, decline of cootage industries, economic transformation of india, communication network telegraph and postal services and railways. | Work in the interest of Indian in revenue and territories by the British Government |



Class: BA III year 2nd paper History

History of India from 1858 to 1950 A.D

| Unit | Course | Learning outcome- after completion of course student will able to - |
|------|---|--|
| I | Queen Victoria's proclamation, act of 1858, Indian council act 1861, internal administration of lord Lytton and Ripon, political association and the Indian National Congress, India counselling act of 1892. | By the act 18 to 58 the beginning of British rule over India was introduce with the Establishment of the Indian nation congress. |
| II | Load curzon and the partition of Bengal, Swadeshi movement, moderates, extremistesand revolutionary movement India and abroad. government act of India- 1909, peasant and tribal movement, Home rule movements, Lucknow pact,Rowlat Act, Jallianwalam Bagh massacre, government of India act 1919 and dyarchy .leftism in India and congress and communists party of India. | The movement of Indian for independence intensified. |
| III | Gandhian era, khilafat and non cooperation movement swarajists. Simon commission Lahore Congress. Civil disobedience movement, round table conferences. Government of India act 1935 and provinical autonomy. Quite India movement. role of women and youth in the India national momentum. | Got information about the personality of Gandhiji how did he work freedom. |
| IV | Cripps mission , Simla conference , cabinet mission , Subhas Chandra Bose and the INA, communal politics and partition of India, Indian independence ACT 1947. role of pricely state in the Indian National movement. Integration of India princely state. Main features of the India constitution. | Haw did independence come and the partition of india made the constitution of india. |



English

Class- B.A. III

English Lit. I

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome :- After of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|--|
| Ι | Alfred Tennyson first five cantos | Student will able to know about Victorian |
| | | era. |
| | | Why Victorian era considered as the golden age |
| II | V.B. yeats A prayer for my daughter the | Students go the stream of knowledge from |
| | second coming Sailing to byzanlium among school children | modern poetry use of free metrics |
| III | T.S. Eliot – The love song of J.Alfred | Modern Poetry with classism. Eliot's role in |
| | Burnt Norton | the literalive . |
| IV | W.H. Auden in memory of W.B. Yeats the | Poasic poetry tinge of realism in |
| | unknown citizen . | Morden poetry. |
| V | Philip lakin – | Next Please Deceptions, A river, obituary |
| | A.K. Ramanujan | Ideas on Periodic+. thought and |
| | | Contemporary thought |

Class- B.A. III Subject: - English Lit. II Session – 2020-21

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome :- After of Course student will able to- |
|------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Ι | Joseph Conra d Lord Jim | Come to know about the various auspeats of modern fiction. |
| II | DH Lawrence Sons and lovers | Contribution of D.H. Lawrence as an cssayist . |
| III | E.M. Froster A passage to india | Great fiction writer , Indian, Panorama , role and characters. |
| IV | Raja Rao Kanthapura | Students come to know about the Indian writing in English. |
| V | V.S. Naipal A vtouse of Mr. Biswas | Students come to know about the Indian writing in English. |



Class- B.A. II Subject: - English Lit. II

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome :- After of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|---|
| Ι | Henry Fieldin g Tom Jones | Students come to know about the Golden Gems of fiction. |
| Π | Jane Austin prid e and prejudice | Morden age drama :- Social Political and moral reflection in the Novel by Austin |
| III | Charles sickens: - Hard Timse | Provide the Literary trends of conertemperary |
| IV | Thomas Hardy :- Tess of the d' urbervilles | Pessimismoptimism in liherative . |
| V | V.S. Naipal A vtouse of Mr. Biswas | Students come to know about the Indian writing in English |

Class- B.A. I Subject: - English Lit. II

| Unit | t Course Content | Learning Outcome :- After of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|---|
| | I.Prose and its forms | Brief history of prose, essay ,prose, sketch fiction, drama etc. |
| II. | From as bacon of studies of travel of love of revenge | Students learnt an of composing essays. |
| III. | Joseph Addison sir rogeral church sir rogeral at home th e adventures of a shilling | different. |
| IV. | Charles lamob:- a bachelor' s complain of the behaviour of married people. | Student learnt how to reflect autobiographical elements In the essay. |
| V. | A.G. gardinar on saying pleas e H.G. wells :- the stoles bacillus . | Students learnt how to spilt ink into the paper on various life related topics. |



Class- B.A. I Subject: - English Lit. I

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome :- After of Course student will able to- |
|------|--|--|
| I. | Drama and its terms | Through this unit students got information and |
| | the Renaissance: | knowledge about 20 th century literary epitome. |
| | Eligabathen and Jacobean drama 20 th | |
| | century drama | |
| II. | William Shakespeare the king Lear the Pempest | Got the knowledge of Eligabathen age. |
| | Henric Ihsen A doll's house | Come to know about the tragic comedy style. |
| III. | | |
| | John obsorne: Look back in | How to reflects central character. |
| IV. | anger | |

Class - B.Sc/ B.A.-2-year

Environment Study (FC)

| Unit | Course Content | Learning outcome – After Completion of course student will able to: |
|------------------|--|---|
| I. II. | STUDY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ECOLOGY - Definition and importance, public participation and public awareness, ecology- introduction, ecosystem - concepts components. ENVIRONMENT POLLUTION AND POPULATION – Air, water, noise heat and nuclear pollution, population growth, family welfare programme, environment and human health. | Student understands the concept, component, structure& function of ecosystem. Student understood the importance of environment and made people aware about it. The student understood how pollution spreads in the environment and how it can be stopped. Student understood different types of pollution. The student understood the reason for population growth and made people aware about population control and for that they did many program Student also learned how to dispose ofhouse hold waste. |
| III. | NATURAL RESOURCES, PROBLEMS AND CONSERVATION-Water resources, forest resources, land resources, food resources, energy resources, | The student has to know what the natural resources are and how they should conserve. The student understood the importance of using solar energy instead of convention energy resource |
| IV. | DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS –disaster management – food earthquake, wildlife conservation law, conservation of laws for air and water pollution. | Student learns about threat to bio diversity such as earthquake cyclone and landslides. Students should understand the rules of environment protection along with this the student also understood the rules of wildlife conservation. |



Subject: Marathi

द्वितीय वर्ष कला (S. Y. B. A.)

नियमित अभ्यासक्रम पहिले सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

भाषिक कौशल्यविकास आणि आधुनिक मराठी साहित्यप्रकार : कादंबरी [CC – 1 C (3)]

अभ्यासक्रमाची उद्दिष्टे :

- १. कादंबरी या साहित्यप्रकाराचे स्वरूप, घटक, प्रकार आणि वाटचाल समजून घेणे.
- २. नेमेलेल्या कादंबरीचे आकलन, आस्वाद आणि विश्लेषण करणे.
- भाषिक कौशल्यविकास करणे.

दुसरे सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

भाषिक कौशल्यविकास आणि आधुनिक मराठी साहित्यप्रकार : ललितगद्य [CC – 1 D (3)]

- १. ललितगद्य या साहित्यप्रकाराचे स्वरूप, घटक, प्रकार आणि वाटचाल समजून घेणे.
- २. नेमलेल्या अभ्यासपुस्तकातील ललितगद्याचे आकलन, आस्वाद आणि विश्लेषण करणे.
- ३. भाषिक कौशल्यविकास करणे.



द्वितीय वर्ष कला (S. Y. B. A.)

पर्यायी अभ्यासक्रम पहिले सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

व्यावहारिक व उपयोजित मराठी - भाग ३ [CC – 1 C (3)]

अभ्यासक्रमाची उद्दिष्टे :

- उपयोजित व सर्जनशील लेखनाची क्षमता विकसित करणे.
- २. मराठी भाषेची कार्यालयीन, व्यावसायिक कामकाजातील गरज, स्वरूप आणि उपयोजन यांची माहिती करून घेणे.
- कार्यालयीन, व्यावसायिक भाषा व्यवहारासाठी आवश्यक लेखनकौशल्ये प्राप्त करणे.
- ४. नवसमाजमाध्यमांतील विविध भाषिक आविष्कारांचे स्वरूप समजून घेणे.

<mark>दुसरे सत्र</mark> विषयाचे नाव

व्यावहारिक व उपयोजित मराठी - भाग ४ [CC – 1 D (3)]

- १. उपयोजित व सर्जनशील लेखनाची क्षमता विकसित करणे.
- २. संगणकाची भाषा आणि त्यातील विविध भाषिक आविष्कारांचे स्वरूप समजून घेणे.
- विविध कोशांसाठी नोंदलेखन क्षमता विकसित करणे.



द्वितीय वर्ष कला (S. Y. B. A.)

पहिले सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

आधुनिक मराठी साहित्य : प्रकाशवाटा [DSE 1 A (3)]

अभ्यासक्रमाची उद्दिष्टे :

- १. आत्मचरित्र या साहित्यप्रकाराचे स्वरूप, संकल्पना समजावून घेणे.
- २. आत्मचरित्र या साहित्यप्रकाराच्या प्रेरणा आणि वाटचाल यांची ओळख करून घेणे.
- ३. ललित गद्यातील अन्य साहित्यप्रकारांच्या तुलनेत आत्मचरित्राचे वेगळेपण समजावून घेणे.
- ४. नेमलेल्या या आत्मचरित्राचे आकलन, आस्वाद आणि विश्लेषण करणे.

दुसरे सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

मध्ययुगीन मराठी साहित्य: निवडक मध्ययुगीन गद्य, पद्य [DSE 1 B (3)]

- १. मध्ययुगीन गद्य पद्य साहित्यप्रकारांची ओळख करून घेणे.
- २. नेमलेल्या अभ्यासपुस्तकातील मध्ययुगीन गद्य पद्याचे आकलन, आस्वाद आणि विश्लेषण करणे.



द्वितीय वर्ष कला (S. Y. B. A.)

पहिले सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

साहित्यविचार [DSE 2 A (3)]

अभ्यासक्रमाची उद्दिष्टे :

- भारतीय आणि पाश्चात्य साहित्यविचाराच्या आधारे साहित्याची संकल्पना, स्वरूप आणि प्रयोजनविचार समजावून घेणे.
- २. साहित्याची निर्मितिप्रक्रिया समजावून घेणे.
- ३. साहित्याची भाषा आणि शैली विषयक विचार समजावून घेणे.

द्वितीय सत्र

विषयाचे नाव

साहित्य समीक्षा [DSE 2 B(3)]

- १. साहित्य समीक्षेची संकल्पना, स्वरूप यांचा परिचय करून घेणे.
- २. साहित्य आणि समीक्षा यांचे परस्पर संबंध समजावून घेणे व अभ्यासणे .
- ३. साहित्यप्रकारानुसार समीक्षेचे स्वरूप समजावून घेणे व अभ्यासणे.
- ४. ग्रंथ परिचय, परीक्षण व समीक्षण यातील फरक समजावून घेणे.



> **दुसरे सत्र** विषयाचे नाव

उपयोजित लेखनकौशल्ये [SEC 2 B (2)]

अभ्यासक्रमाची उद्दिष्टे :

- १. जाहिरात, मुलाखतलेखन आणि संपादन यासाठी आवश्यक कौशल्ये प्राप्त करणे.
- २. जाहिरात, मुलाखतलेखन आणि संपादन यासाठी आवश्यक प्रशिक्षण घेणे.
- ३. जाहिरात, मुलाखतलेखन आणि संपादन यासाठी प्रात्यक्षिकासह उपयोजनाची कौशल्ये प्राप्त करणे.

Subject: Geography

Course Outcome

Environment Geography-I

- Create awareness about dynamic environment among the student.
- To acquaint the students with fundamental concepts of environment geography for development in different areas.
- The students should be able to integrate various factors of economic development and dynamic aspect of economic geography.
- To make aware the students about the problems of environment, their utilization and conservation in the view of sustainable development.

Environment Geography- II

- Create awareness about dynamic environment among the students.
- To acquaint students with the fundamental concepts of Environmental Geography.
- To acquaint students about the past, presents and future utility and potentials of natural resources.
- To make aware students about the problems of environment, its utilization and conservation in the view of sustainable development.

Economic Geography- I

The principles and fundamental concepts in economic geography.

- 2. The application of concepts in economic geography for development in different areas.
- 3. To integrate the various concepts in economic geography with factors of economic development.



Economic Geography- II

- Create awareness about dynamic environment among the students.
- To acquaint students with the fundamental concepts of Environmental Geography.
- To acquaint students about the past, presents and future utility and potentials of natural resources.
- To make aware students about the problems of environment, its utilization and conservation in the view of sustainable development.

Geography of Disaster Management-I

- Describe concepts of Disaster and its relations with Geography.
- Explain terminology and concepts of Disaster Management.
- Implement concepts of hazards in different areas and its Management.
- Explain standard operating procedure on government for disaster management.

Geography of Tourism- I

- Understand the history of Tourism.
- Introduce the students to the basic concepts in Tourism Geography.
- Understand the types of Tourism. 4. To gain knowledge different aspects of Tourism Geography.



| Class: B. Sc- I, | Paper-I | Chemistry |
|------------------|---------|-----------|
|------------------|---------|-----------|

Physical Chemistry

| Unit s | Course content | Course/ Learning Outcomes: After completion of course, the students will be ableto- |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Unit I (A) (B) | A. Mathematica l concepts B. Gaseous State and Molecular Velocities: | > Use the Knowledge of logarithm, differentiation and integration > For understanding derivations in different chapters. > Understand relationship between kinetic energy and temperature of a gas. > Calculate the partial pressure, and use of kinetic theory of gases to understand the nature of gases. |
| Unit II (A and B) | A. Liquid State B. Solid State: | Differentiate among solid, liquid and gases through different models and objects. Students will also be able to learn the nature of intermolecular forces and dependent properties like viscosity, surface tension and capillary action and their practical applications. This study will help the students during post- graduation and also for industrialapplication. |
| Unit III | Chemical Kinetics | Understand that how to determine reaction rate and factors affecting the rate of reaction. Calculaterateconstantandorderofreactionf or differentkind of reactions. The students will be able to apply the concepts to solve the numerical problems during post graduation and competitive examinations. |
| Unit IV | Radioactivity and Nuclear Chemistry | Learn the different kinds of nuclear reactions and their Mechanism. Learnthemechanismofradioactivityandits measurement. Basicunderstandingofchemical consequences of interaction of radiation with nucleus. Learnthe applications of nuclear chemistryin theoretical and nuclear powerplant. Apply the concepts encountered in the text or unit in post-graduation level. |



Class: B.Sc- I, Paper-II **Chemistry** Inorganic Chemistry

| Units | Course content | Course/Learning Outcomes: After completion of course the students will be ableto- |
|-------------|---|--|
| Unit I | Atomic Structure Periodi Properties: | Understand the meaning offourquantum numbers and differentatomic theories, concept of nuclear charge, ionization energy, electron affinity and different parameters. They will be able to apply the quantum mechanics for the energy calculation of different energystates of an atom in post graduation studies and other competitive examination. |
| Unit II | Chemical Bonding- Part I: | > Understand the structure of a chemical substance in terms of bonds. > Apply VSEPR theory to determine the geometry of amolecule. > Imagine the molecule in three dimension structure and will be able to utilize this knowledge at their post graduation leve and also for competitiveexamination. |
| Unit III | Chemical Bonding- Part II: | Differentiate bonding amongst ionic and covalent compounds Understand that how lattice energy is correlated with physica properties of ionic compounds like solubility. The students will be able to utilize the knowledge of semiconductorsatindustrial level. |
| Unit IV | A) S-Block Elements B) p-Block Elements Part- 1 | Understand the general trends of s block and p block elements inperiodictableandstudydifferentcompounds ofsblockandp block elements. Know the significance of alkali and alkaline earth metals in biological system. Utilize the knowledge of compounds of metals, nonmetals like boron, carbon, aluminum and different alloysatindustriallevel. |
| Unit V | P-Block Elements Part- 2 | Understand the structure and synthesis of boranes and silicates and their application at industrial and research level. |



| Class: B.Sc I, | Paper-III | Chemistry |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
|----------------|-----------|-----------|

Organic Chemistry

| Units | Course content | Course/ Learning Outcomes: After completion of course the students will be ableto- |
|-------------|--|--|
| Unit I | Structure and Bonding: | Recognize the difference between aliphatic and aromatic compounds. Correlate the stability of organic molecules with aromaticity. Gain the knowledge of different kinds of reaction mechanism. On the basis of knowledge of intermediate formation and mechanism of reaction students will be able to predict the final product during post-graduation and higher studies. |
| Unit II | Alkanes and Cycloalkanes: | Different reactions of alkanes and cycloalkanes. Different kinds of strain through conformationa studies of cycloalkane and stability of differen conformers. This study will help the students during pos graduation and competitive examinations. |
| Unit III | Alkenes Cycloalke nes Dienes | Understand the different kinds of reactions of alkenes and cycloalkenes. Apply these methods in multistep synthesis of useful compounds at industrial and research level. |
| Unit IV | Alkynes an d Alkyl Halides | Learn the skill of writing mechanism of reaction through different reactions of alkyl halides. Able to understand different synthetic methods and reaction and will be able to apply these methods in multistep synthesis of useful compounds at research and industrial level. |
| Unit V | Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds | Predict whether an organic compound is chiral or achiral. Recognize different elements of symmetry in chiral Compound. Recognizing and assigning stereochemica designations of organic compounds, which wil help in next level of graduatior (stereochemistry o amines, stereochemistry of carbohydrates) and also during post-graduation. |



| | Class: B.Sc- II, | Paper-I Chemistry |
|-------------|--|--|
| | Physical Chemistry | |
| Units | Course content | Course/Learning Outcomes: After completion of coursethe students will be ableto- |
| Unit I | A. Thermodynamics. B. Thermochemistr y | > Understand the different thermodynamic properties. > Applythelawofthermodynamicstotherealsystem s. Understand different thermodynamic cycles. |
| Unit II | A Phase Equilibrium) Solid Solution B) Liquid-Liquid C) Mixture Partial Miscible D Liquids | Understand different terminologies of phase equilibrium. Apply the concepts of text lecture in practical and post graduation level |
| Unit III | Electrochemistry- I | > Understand different types of conductance. > Construct an electrochemical cell. > Calculate EMF of a cell through standard reduction > Potential data. > Understand different electrode reactions. Apply these concepts to study the next unit. |
| Unit IV | Electrochemistry-II | > Understand the redox reaction occurring at electrode. > Know the different kinds of electrodes and use of > Electrodes in different electrochemical equipments. > Understand the mechanism of buffer action. |
| Unit V | A Surface Chemistry B) Catalysis | Differentiate mechanism of adsorption and absorption. Understand different methods of determination of surface area and able to utilize it during research. Learn phenomenon of catalysis and application. |



Class: B.Sc- II, Paper-II Inorganic Chemistry

Chemistry

| Units | Course content | Course/Learning Outcomes: After completion of course, the students will be ableto- |
|-------------|--|--|
| Unit I | Chemistry of ElementsofFirst Transition Series. | Different periodic properties of d-block elements of first transition series. Learn the chemistry of binary compounds. Understand the chemistry of these metal ions for the syntheses of different metal complexes in next units. |
| Unit II | Chemistry of Elements of Second and Third Transition Series | Compare the trends between 3d, 4d and 5d series like stability of complexes in high and low oxidation states, magnetic, spectral and other properties. Understand the role of transition metals in electronic, biomedical, analytical, and catalytic and various applications. They will able to utilize this knowledge in research as well as industrial area. |
| Unit III | Coordinatio n Compounds Oxidation and Reduction | > Understand the basic concepts of coordination chemistry and role of d-electrons and d- orbitals in bonding. > Differentiate among different theories of bonding. > Apply the concepts encountered in this unit to the next level of graduation (Metal-ligand bonding). > They will learn different techniques of extraction which will be useful for miningprocesses. |
| Unit IV | General Chemistry of f- Block Elements | Understand the spectral magnetic and general properties as well as the role of actinides as nuclear fuel, in laser techniques, in batteries and for other purposes. Utilize this knowledge during post-graduation level and also for research and industrialarea. |
| Unit V | Acids an d bases. Nonaqueou s Solvent | Understand the different theories of acids and bases. Learn about different non aqueous solvents and able to use their knowledge in analytical chemistry. |



| Class: B.Sc II, | Paper-III | Chemistry |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|

Organic Chemistry

| Units | Course content | Course/ Learning Outcomes: After completion of course the students will be ableto- |
|-------------|--|--|
| Unit I | Electromagnetic Spectrum: Absorpti o n Spectru m | Compare all the electromagnetic radiations in terms of energy and wavelength. Understand the handling of UV and IR instruments. Understand that, why some compounds are colored and some are colorless. Interpret UV and IRspectra. Develop problem solving skills and able to use it at next level of spectroscopy. |
| Unit II | A)Alcohols B)Phenols | Know the different methods for the syntheses of alcohols and phenols which they can use in multistep synthesis at industrial level. Learn the orientation effect on phenol. This study will help the students during post graduation and competitive examinations. Use different reactions for further research. |
| Unit III | Aldehydes an d Ketones | Learn the IUPAC naming of aldehydes and ketones. Compare the reactivity of different aliphatic and aromatic aldehydes and ketones. Writethemechanismofdifferentcondensationreaction s. Develop the skills of synthesizing new condensation compounds for research purpose as well as for other applications at industriallevel. |
| Unit IV | Carboxylic Acids. Eth e r | Compare the reactivity of different aliphatic and aromatic carboxylic acids. Learn the handling of carboxylic acids in practica laboratory by knowing their physical and chemica properties Learn different reactions for synthesis of acid and acid derivatives. Utilize this knowledge during further higher studies and also during research |



Class: B.Sc.- III, Paper-II Chemistry

Inorganic Chemistry

| Units | Course content | Course/ Learning Outcomes: After completion of course the students will be ableto- |
|---------|---|--|
| | | |
| Unit I | Hard and Soft Acids and Bases. Silicones and Phosphazene s | Understand the trends of acidity and basicity in periodic table. |
| | | Learn the stability of salts through HSAB theories. |
| | | > Learn the syntheses and reactions of silicones and |
| | | Phosphazenes. |
| | | > Understand the applicability of these silicones and |
| | | Phospahzenes. |
| Unit II | Metal Ligan d Bonding Thermodynamic s and kinetics | Understand the bonding in metal complexes. |
| | | > Understand the difference between VBT and CFT. |
| | | Learn that how geometries affect splitting and stability of d-orbital's. |
| | | > Understand the structure, color, magnetism and |
| | | different behavior of complexes through CFT model. |
| | | Knowtheroleofcomplexesinbiomedicine, environmental |
| | | cleaning and drug delivery system. |
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Samaj Prabodhan Sanstha's

CHANDRABHAMA MAHAVIDYALAYA, KARJAT

(Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune ID: PU/AN/AS/150/2018)

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Unipune ID: CAAA020760 AISHE CODE – C-59888

| Unit III | Magnetic properties of Transition Metal Complexes | Understandtherelation betweenthe electronic arrangement and magnetic behavior of complexes. Learn about the magnetic moment and their determination through different methods. Calculate the ground state term symbol for different d electronic systems. | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Unit IV | Electronic Spectra of Transition meta l complexes | Understand the spectroscopic notations. Abletorelatetheelectronicconfigurationof metalionwith spectral properties of complex. | |
| | | Understand the role of ligands in appearance of color of complex. Predict simple electronic spectrum of metal complex through Orgel diagram. Develop the skills for synthesis and characterize a coordination complex during research for desired application. | |
| Unit V | Bioinorganic Chemistry | Understandthe roleofelements in biological system. Learn the mechanism of functioning of these metal coordinated biomolecules. Know the application of these metal coordinated biomolecules in electron transfer mechanism, toxicology, as diagnostic agent and many more. | |



| Class: B.Sc III, | Paper-III | Chemistry | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | | | |

Organic Chemistry

| Units | Course content | Course/ Learning Outcomes: After completion of course the students will be ableto- | |
|----------|--|--|--|
| Unit I | Nuclear Magneti c Resonance Spectroscopy | > Understand the basic principle of NMR spectroscopy. > Able to interpret the simple NMR spectrum of organic compounds. > Able to use the concepts of shielding, deshielding and coupling constantto elucidatethe structureof given organic compound. > Apply the knowledge of spectroscopy during post graduation and higherstudies. | |
| Unit II | Organo metallic Compounds. Organo sulphur Compounds | Know the different methods for the syntheses of Grignard reagent, organo lithium, organo sulphur and organo zinc compounds. Know the uses and applications of these compounds in variouschemicalreactions at industrial as well as research level. Learn the different kinds of polymers, their synthesis and uses at industrial level for various applications. | |
| Unit III | Carbohydrates | Able to classify different carbohydrates. Understandtherole of carbohydratesformaintaining human health. Learn the structure, functions, different reactions and stereochemistry ofcarbohydrates. Understandthemechanismofcleansingactionofsoapa nd detergents and able to apply the knowledge of this mechanism at industriallevel. | |
| Unit IV | Amino Acids, Peptides, Proteins | Understandtheessentialandnonessentialaminoacids. Understand the stereochemistry of amino acids. | |



Class: -B.Sc. Ist year paper – I Botany

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - AfterCompletion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| I | VIRUSES AND PROKARYOTES: - Viroids and prion. Characteristics of viruses, general account of mycoplasma crop diseases, reproduction and economic importance, bacterial structure, cyanobacteria and actinomycetes. ALGAE- | Define microbe. Identify major types of microbes. Describes how microbes are harmful and useful. They made people aware for the preventation of diseases spreading in his area like malaria and dengue. |
| II | General characters, classification and economic importance, features and life history of Chlorophyceae – volvox. Charophyceae- Chara. | This course will help the student to understand the diversity of plants and evolutionary process in plant kingdoms. Students were able to understand the different types of algae and their economic importance in a better way. |
| III | FUNGI- General characters, classification and economic importance, features and life history of oomycetes – albugo zygomycetes- mucor. Basidiomycetes- puccinia. | Students know about fungi structure nutrition and its method of reproduction. Identify various types of fungus. |
| IV | BRYOPHYTA– General characters and classification, study of morphology anatomy and reproduction of hepaticoside-riccia | Students get to know the evolution and classification of bryophytes. Students understand the external and internal structure of bryophytes. |
| V | PTERIDOPHYTA– General characters and classification, organization. Morphology and anatomy of rhynia, structure, anatomy and reproduction | Students understand the stellar organization of pteridophyta. Students learn about the structure of strobilus. |



Class: - B.Sc. Ist year paper –II **Botany**

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - AfterCompletion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| I | GYMNOSPERM – Heterospory and origin of seed habit, gymnosperms, geological time scale and fossilization, types of fossils, tools and techniques. | Distinguish between the two types of seed plants – gymnosperm and angiosperm. They learned about fossil gymnosperm and process of fossilization. |
| II | GYMNOSPERM – General account of cycadodiofilicales, bennettitals and gnetales,morphology,anatom y, reproduction and life cycle of Cycas. | Students understand the different between Cycas, Pinus and ephedra. Students come to know about the economic importance of gymnosperm. |
| III | TISSUE SYSTEM – Types of vascular bundles, apicalmeristem, the root system, secondary growth in root, anatomy of monocot and dicot root, root apical meristem. | Students get to know about the basic tissue system of plants. Students know the anatomical structure of stems. Students describe the different between anatomy of monocot and dicot stem. Understand the structure and function of xylem and phloem. |
| IV | THE SHOOT SYSTEM - Characteristic of growth rings, sap wooda heart wood, secondary phloem, cork cambium and periderm, anatomy of c3 and c4 plants. | Students under stood about the theories of shoot System. Understand the structure and function of xylem and phloem. |
| v | THE LEAF SYSTEM - Origin and development of leaf, diversity in size, shape and arrangement, adaptation to photosynthesis and water stress, senescence and abscission. | Students learn the different types of modification of leaves. They know about function of leaves like photosynthesis, senescence and abscission. |



Class: - B.Sc. IInd year

Paper – I Botany

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - AfterCompletion of Course student will able to- | |
|------|---|--|--|
| Ι | TAXONOMY- Origin and evolution of angiosperm, Principles and rules of botanical nomenclature, herbarium technique, system of classification, modern trends of taxonomy | Students know about origin and evolutionof angiosperm. Students taught to make herbarium. They learnt about modern trends of taxonomy. The students made a list of different plant species of college campus and studied them. | |
| II | TAXONOMY- Terminology for botanical description i n semitechnical language, dicotyledonous families: Polypetaleae | Students taught terminology for botanical description in semi technical language. Students learn to describe dicot families like Malvaceae and Fabaceae | |
| III | TAXONOMY- Monocotyledonous families | 1. All the students learned and understood about th taxonomic description and economic importance of different dicot plants in family level. | |
| IV | EMBRYOLOGY- Structure of anther, interaction and self- incompatibility, structure of , pistil , microsporogenesis, and male gametophyt e, concept of flower as a modified. | Describe the parts of the plant. Identify the reproductive structures of plants that exist in the flower. Explain the difference between pollination and fertilization. | |
| V | EMBRYOLOGY- Double fertilization and triple fusion, development of embryo in monocot and dicot plants. Fruit development an d maturation seed | Define the term-fertilization. Explain dicot and monocot embryo. Students learned about the formation of fruit, structure of seed and vegetative propagation. Students propagated some plants in the garden of their house using the vegetative propagation method. | |



Class: -B.Sc. IInd year

paper-ll

Botany

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - AfterCompletion of Course student will able to- | | |
|------|--|---|--|--|
| I | ECOSYSTEM – Biotic and abiotic components, trophiclevels, food chain, food web, energyflow, concept of biogeochemical cycles, gaseous liquid and sedimentary cycles, | Student understood about structure and function of ecosystem. Student learns how food chains; food webs and biogeochemical cycles operate in a heathy ecosystem. | | |
| II | ECOLOGICAL ADAPTATION- Morphological, anatomical and physiologica l responses water adaptation, light adaptation, photoperiodism, plan t succession, | Students understood about the ecological adaptation of hydrophytes and xerophytes. Students understand key term of ecological succession. The students understood the process ofanecological succession well. | | |
| III | BIODIVERSITY AND POPULATION ECOLOGY –Distribution pattern density, natality mortality, growthcurves, ecotypes and ecads, biodiversity: basicconcept. Importance, biodiversity of India. Biosphere reserve. | The students taught the frequency, density and abundance of an area to come out with the quadrat method. Students understood the importance of biodiversity conservation. Students got in formation about endangered plant and animal species from all over the world. Students made a list of endangered species of own area. | | |
| IV | SOIL AND POLLUTION- Physical and chemical properties, formation, development of soil profile, soil classification, soil factors, climate change and ozone layer & ozone hole. | The students understood about the physical and chemical properties of soil. Student collected different soil samples of his area and learned about their composition. Students understood the problems of environmental pollution of his area. | | |



Class: - B.Sc. IIIrd year

Paper-I Botany

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - AfterCompletion of Course student will able to- | |
|------|--|---|--|
| I | PLANT AND WATER RELATION– Properties of water, importance of water in plant life, waterabsorptio n, mechanism of transpiration, osmosis& osmotic relation to plan cell | Students understood osmosis by doing practical. Students understood the process the transpiration. | |
| II | PLANTNUTRITIONANDBIOMOLECULES -Mineralnutrition,absorptionofmineral,translocationof organicsolutes,proteins andlipid. | | |
| III | PHOTOSYNTHESIS– Chloroplast,photosynthetic pigment, light reaction, red drop, hatch & slack cycle Calvincycle, | Students understand the structure of chloroplast. Students understand the process of photorespiration. | |
| IV | RESPIRATION- Mitochondria, glycolysis,crab's cycle, pentose phosphate pathway, electron transport system, | Students understands structures and function of mitochondria. Students learned to draw RQ. Students understood the mechanism of respiration | |
| V | ENZYMOLOGY AND PLANT HORMONES - Coenzyme and co factors, classification,characteristics ofenzyme, factor affecting enzyme activity, cytokinin | They understood the mechanism of enzyme action. They understood the mode of action and role of plant hormones. | |



Class: - B.Sc. IIIrd year

paper II

Botany

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- | | |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|
| I | THE CELL ENVELOPS AND ORGANELLES – Plasma membrane, lipid bilayer structure,mitochondria,Golg i bodies, peroxisome and vacuole, nucleus, chloroplast | Students learns about different plant cell organelles and understand their structure and function. Students understood how plasma membrane is selectively permeable. | | |
| II | CHROMOSOMAL ORGANIZATION- Mitosis and meiosis, nucleosome model, DNA structure and replication, types of chromosomes, | Understand the basic structure and function of DNA & replication. The students understood the structure function and variation of chromosomes, they learned about the special type of chromosome. They understood about mitosis and meiosis and learn the significance. | | |
| III | GENETIC INHERITANCE –DNA damage and repair, interactions of genes cytoplasmic inheritance | They know how do gone influence trail. Studentsunderstood Mendel'swork and learned the rules made by him. They learned about mutation. | | |
| IV | GENE – Structure of gene, geneticcode, transfer of genetic informatio n, proteinsynthetic, tRNA and ribosomes, | They learned about the structure of genes. Well, the genetic code protein synthesis and regulation of gene expression. | | |
| V Part- 1 | BIOTECHNOLOGY– Cellular totipotency,differentiation andmorphogenesis, achievement of biotechnology in agriculture. | Students understood how plant tissue culture is done. They learnt about important achievements of biotechnology in agriculture. | | |
| V Part- 2 | GENETIC ENGINEERING- Gene mapping and chromosome walking, cloningvectors, genomic and cDNA library. | 1. They learnt about tools and techniques of recombinant DNA technology, cloning vectors and DNA library. | | |



Program Specific Outcome (PSO's)

Zoology

| | . Sc. 3 rd year paper -1 Zoology | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Unit | Course/Content | Learning Outcome: - After attend the |
| | | class student able to learn. |
| 1 st | Heredity and Genetic material | Students get an idea about the |
| | 1. Mendel's Laws of inheritance | principles of Mandal they learn the |
| | 2. Variations: sources and types | structure of DNA RNA and get |
| | 3. Structure, molecular organization and | knowledge about DNA replication. |
| | function of DNA and RNA and types of RNA | |
| | 4. DNA replication on Prokaryotes | |
| 2nd | 5. Nucleosome(Solenoid model) Gene Expression | Chudonta will be able to get idea about |
| 2 | 1. Genetic Code | Students will be able to get idea about |
| | 2. Transcription in Prokaryotes | Protein synthesis they learn about |
| | 3. Translation on Prokaryotes | different type of genes, like split gene |
| | 4. Gene expression: Regulation of protein | overlapping gene and pseudo gene. |
| | synthesis and Lac Operon model. | |
| | | |
| 3rd | 5. Split gene, Overlapping gene, pseudo-gene Linkage and Chromosomal aberration | Students gets knowledge about sex |
| | 1. Linkage and crossing over: Types and | determination they will be able to know |
| | significance | the inheritance of haemophilia colour |
| | 2. Sex determination: Chromosomal and | blindness they also get knowledge |
| | genetic balance theory | about aneuploidy and polyploidy. |
| | 3. Sex linked | about uneuploidy and polypiolay. |
| | inheritance(Haemophilia, Colour | |
| | Blindness) | |
| | 4. Structural and numericalchanges in | |
| | chromosomes | |
| | 5. Mutation: Types and Mutagens Human Genetics | |
| 4th | | Student will be able to understand the |
| | 1. Human Karyotype | inheritance of blood group they know |
| | 2. Human Genome Project | about the genetic disease like Sickle |
| | 3. Multiple allete and inheritance of | Cell anaemia albinism and Thalassemia. |
| | blood group | |
| | 4. Autosomaland Sex | |
| | Chromosome Syndromes | |
| | in Human | |
| | 5. Genetic diseases in Human: Sickle cell | |
| 5th | anaemia, Albinism and Thalassemia. Genetic Engineering | Students learn about the DNA |
| 5 | 1. Recombinant DNA technology and | |
| | Gene Cloning | fingerprint printing Technology and |
| | 2. Polymerase chain reaction | know how it is helpful in detecting the |
| | 3. Blotting- Southern, Northern and Western | criminals digit knowledge about PCR |
| | 4. DNA finger printing | technology and idea about gene |
| | 5. Gene therapy and Genetic Counselling. | therapy. |
| I | J. Gene merapy and denetic counsening. | l |



| | Class: B. Sc. 2 nd year | paper-2 | Zoology |
|------|---|--|--|
| Unit | Course/Conte | ent | Learning Outcome: - After attend the class student able to learn. |
| 1st | Nutrition and Metabolism Physiology of digestion on M Protein Metabolism: Deamination, Transamination of amino cycle. Carbohydrate metabol Gluconeogenesis, Glycogen | Decarboxylation, acids and Ornithine ism: Glycogenesis, | Students will have a good understanding of physiological process like digestion formation of Urea metabolism of glucose. |
| 2nd | Citric acid cycle <u>Lipid Metabolism-Beta oxida</u> Respiration, Excretion and I Mechanism and Physiology mammals (transport of gas Physiology of Excretion- ur formation in mammals Osmoregulation and excreto Innate and acquired immunity and lymphoid system, imm and humoral immunity. | y of respiration in es, chloride shift) rea and urine ory product nity, immune cells | Students gets the complete knowledge about physiology of respiration and excretion they know about the immune system system and its functioning. |
| 3rd | Regulatory Mechanism of E Vitamins 1. Thermoregulation 2. Definition, nomenclature a enzymes 3. Mechanism and regulation of 4. Co-enzymes 5. Vitamins | nd classification of | They know about the enzyme classification working of enzyme and coenzyme knowledge about vitamins their sources and functions. |
| 4th | Neuromuscular Co-ordination 1. Types of neurons 2. Physiology of nerve impulse 3. Types and structure of Muscular 4. Theory of muscle coording biochemistry. | conduction cles | Students will be able to understand the types of neurones and muscles and know the physiology of nerve impulse conduction and muscle contraction. |
| 5th | Endocrine system Structure and functions of P Structure and functions of T Structure and functions of A Structure and functions of F Thymus and Islets of Lange Physiology of Male and fem | hyroid gland drenal gland Parathyroid, erhan's | Students will be get knowledge about structure of endocrine glands hormone secreted by them and their function. |



| Class: B. Sc. 2 nd year | paper-1 | Zoology |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Class. D. JC. 2 year | hahei-T | Loology |

| Unit | Course/Content | Learning Outcome: - After attend |
|-----------------|---|---|
| | | the class student able |
| | | to learn. |
| 1st | 1. Origin of Chordates, Classification of phylum | Students known shout the origin |
| 150 | | _ |
| | Chordata up to orders according to Parker and | of chordates |
| | Haswell (Latest Edition) | classification of chordates anatomy |
| | 2. Urochordata: Type study of Herdmania | of hardmania differences |
| | 3. Cephalochordata: Type study of Amphioxus, | betwee n |
| | Affinities of Amphioxus | petromizon and myxine. |
| | 4. Comparison between Petromyzon and Myxine | |
| 2nd | 1. Comparative account of integuments and its | Learn similarity and dissimilarity |
| | derivatives of Vertebrates. | abou t |
| | 2. Comparative account of limbs and girdles of | intaguments Limbs,Girdel, |
| | Vertebrates | digestive and respiratory system of |
| | 3. Comparative account of digestive system of | vertebrates. |
| | Vertebrates | vertebrates. |
| | 4. Comparative account of | |
| | respiratory | |
| | system of Vertebrates | |
| 3rd | 1. Comparative account of aortic arches and heart | Know the comparative account of |
| | of Verebrates | heart brain and urinogenital system |
| | 2. Comparative account of brain of Vertebrates | of vertebrates. they know the |
| | 3. Comparative account of | complete anatomy of ear and eye. |
| | urogenital system of | |
| | Vertebrates | |
| | 4. Sense organs (eye and ear) of mammals | |
| 415 | 5. Placentation in mammals | |
| 4 th | 1. Origin of life: Modern concepts only. | Students get knowledge about |
| | 2. Lamarckism, Darwinsim, de Vries. | origin of life various theories about |
| | 3. Modern synthetic theories of evolution | evolution and adaptations. |
| | 4. Adaptation and Mimicry | |
| 5th | 5. Micro, macro and mega evolution 1. Fossils, methods o f | Students get the complete |
| 5 | fossilization, determination of age of | 0 |
| | fossils | knowledge about fossils .learn about extinct animal like |
| | 2. Study of extinct forms: Dinosaurs and | |
| | Archaeopteryx | Dinosaurs and |
| | 3. Zoogeographical distribution | archaeopteryx, also get idea about |
| | Evolution of man | evolution of man. |
| | Geological time scale and Insular fauna . | |
| <u> </u> | 5. Geological unic scale and moular faulta. | <u> </u> |



Class: B. Sc. 3rd year

paper-2

Zoology

| Unit | Course/Content | Learning Outcome: - After attend the |
|------|---|---|
| | | class student able to learn. |
| 1st | Concept of Ecology | Students learn about the concept of |
| | 1. Abiotic and Biotic Factors, Component of ecosystem | ecosystem , abiotic and biotic factors of |
| | 2. Energy flow in ecosystem: Food chain, Food web and | different ecosystem and get idea about food |
| | Pyramids | chain and food web and different |
| | 3. Biogeochemical cycle: Carbon, Oxygen, Nitrogen | |
| | Phosphors | biochemical cycles. |
| | 4. Population Concept- Characteristics of population | , |
| | Factors affecting Population Growth | |
| | 5. Community: characteristics of community | |
| 2nd | Habitat Ecology | Students will understand the different |
| | 1. Fresh water habitat | habitat as fresh freshwater marine and |
| | 2. Marine habitat | terrestrial and as how they relate with |
| | 3. Terrestrial habitat | conservation of Aquatic and Terrestrial |
| | 4. Ecological division of India | flora and fauna. They also get knowledge |
| | 5. Biodiversity: Natural resources and | about the ecological |
| | their conservation with special reference to forests. | division of India. |
| 3rd | Wild Life and Environment | Students will be able to apply knowledge to |
| | 1. Wild life protection Act, National Parks and | solve problems related to wildlife |
| | Sanctuaries of Madhya Pradesh | conservation and management they also |
| | 2. Endangered species of India | know about the causes and control of |
| | 3. Types of pollution: Air, Water, soil, thermal | different type of pollution |
| | and noise pollution | |
| | 4. Urbanisation and effect of human population | |
| 4th | on environment Aquaculture | Student will be able to understand the |
| т. | 1. Prawn culture: Culture of Fresh water, methods o | |
| | prawn fishing, preservation and processing of prawn | prawin culture and nog culture they realin |
| | 2. Pearl culture and pearl industry | now to contaile the americant openioe them |
| | 3. Frog culture | management and harvesting they also get |
| | 4. Major carp culture: Management of Ponds | knowledge about aquarium management |
| | preservation and processing of fishes. | ' Frog, prawn, and fish. |
| | 5. Maintenance of Aquarium | |
| 5th | Economic Entomology | Student know about the life cycle of useful |
| | 1. Sericulture: Species of silkworm, life history o | ^f insects like silkworm honeybee and lac |
| | Bombyx mori, sericulture Industry in India | insect they also know about the life cycle |
| | 2. Apiculture: Life cycle of Honey Bee, methods of be | |
| | keeping, products of bees, enemies of bees. | of insect pest. |
| | 3. Lac culture: Life cycle of lac insect and host plant o | |
| | lac insects. | |
| | 4. Common pests: Stored grains: Sitophilus oryzae and | 1 |
| | Tribolium castanaeum, Vegetable pests: Pier | |
| | brassicae and Dacus cucurbitae | |
| | 5. Biological control of insects pests. | |
| | - | |

Samaj Prabodhan Sanstha's

कार्यन्त संस्था, कार्यन्, कि कार्यन्त संस्था, कार्यन्, कि प्रमित्त कार्यन्त कित्रा विनयेन कांग्रहते

CHANDRABHAMA MAHAVIDYALAYA, KARJAT (Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune ID: PU/AN/AS/150/2018) At/Post. Karjat Tal. Karjat, Dist. Ahmednagar (MH) – 414402 <u>https://chandrabhamamahavidyalayakarjat.com/</u> Email – cmkarjat@gmail.com Unipune ID: CAAA020760 AISHE CODE – C-59888

Program Specific Outcome (PSO's)

Mathematics

- Students will be able to identify, analyze and solve the problems.
- Students can get the jobs in school education, Banking sector, Insurance sector, Data operator, Railways staff selection, RRB, Defence services, Post office services.
- They can persue Higher Education (M.Sc. Mathematics).
- Students will be able to interpret Data and they understand the wider use of mathematics

B.Sc. – I Year Paper-II

CALCULUS AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|--------------|--|--|
| UNIT-I | Successive differentiation, | Students able to find |
| | Leibnitz's theorem | ✓ Get an idea of Find the Maclaurin's and Taylor series expansions |
| | Maclaurin's and Taylor's | of given functions and notion of successive differentiation. |
| | series expansions, | ✓ Get an idea of Taylor's series can be used to solve ordinary |
| | Asymptotes. | differential |
| | | equations, to find the sum of series, evaluation of limits. Most |
| | | important application of Taylor's series is to use partial sums to |
| | | approximate functions. ✓ Leibnitz's theorem is used to find the value of n th derivative at zero of function which can be express as a product of two functions. |
| UNIT- | Curvature, tests for concavity | Students able to find out Get an idea of concept of curvature & calculate curvature of curve |
| II | and convexity, points of | in |
| | inflection, multiple points, | Cartesian or polar form and Draw the graph of some curves using |
| | tracing of curves in Cartesian | curve tracing. |
| | and polar coordinates. | Curvature is used in differential geometry & in a three part |
| | 1 | equation |
| | | for bending of beams. It is also applied to measurements of the stress in |
| | | the second star star star stars to star star stars to star stars to star star stars to star star star star star star star star |
| | | semiconductor structures. |
| UNIT- III | Integrations of transcendental functions. | Students able to find |
| | Definite integrals, | ✓ Get an idea of about transcendental functions & how to |
| | Reduction formulae, | integrate them. |
| | Quadrature Rectification. | Integration by reduction formula always helps to solve |
| UNIT- | Linear differential equations | complex integration problems. Students able to find |
| IV | and equations reducible to the | ✓ Get an idea of various techniques of getting exact solutions of first |
| IV | - | order linear differential equations and linear differential equations of |
| | linear form. Exact differential | higher degree. |
| | equations. First order and | ✓ Applications in fluid dynamics- Design of containers and funnels. |
| | higher degree equations | ✓ Applications in heat conduction analysis - Design of heat spreaders |
| | solvable for x, y and p. | in microelectronics. |
| | Claraiut's equation and | |
| | singular solutions. | |
| | Geometrical meaning of a | |
| | differential equation. Orthogonal trajectories. | |
| UNIT- | Linear differential equation with constant coefficients. | Students able to find |
| V | Homogeneous linear ordinary | \checkmark Students able to transform equation by changing the dependent |
| | differential equations. Linear | variable independent variable. |
| | differential equations of second | \checkmark Get an idea of find solution by the method of variation of |
| | | parameters. |



B.Sc. – I Year Paper-II Paper-III Mathematics

Vector Analysis and Geometry

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|------------------|---|--|
| UNIT-I UNIT-I | COURSE CONTENTS Scalar and vector product of three vectors, products of four vectors. Reciprocal vectors, vector differentiation, Gradient , Divergence and Curl. Vector Integration. Theorems of Gauss, Green, stoke's(without proof) and problem based on them. | Students able to find ✓ Get an idea of gradient (Normal to the surface) of scalar function. It is used to compute directional derivative and Calculate the scalar & vector product of three and four vectors. ✓ Find divergence and curl of vector field and prove identities involving them. Students able to find ✓ Get an idea of Interpret line, surface and volume integrals. ✓ Get an idea of using line integral we will compute work done by a particle in moving along curve. ✓ Evaluate integrals by using Green's Theorem, Stokes theorem, Gauss's Theorem. Gauss theorem |
| UNIT-III | General equation of second degree, tracing of conics, system of conics, polar equation of conic. | is applying to calculate volume. ✓ These theorems relate vector fields and integrals - Green's theorem for vectors in two dimensions, and the other theorems for vector fields in three dimensions. Students able to find ✓ Get an idea of trace conics. ✓ Graph the polar equations of conics. |
| UNIT-IV | Equation of cone with given base, generators of cone, condition for three mutually perpendiculars generators, right circular cone, equation of cylinder and its properties. | \checkmark How to find equation of cone with given |
| UNIT-V | Central coincoids, Paraboloids, plane sections of concoids, generating lines. | Students able to find ✓ Students know about central conicoids, parabola, and plane section of coincoids. ✓ Understands the concept of generating lines. |



B.Sc. – II Year Paper-II P a p e r -I

Mathematics

Abstract Algebra

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|----------|---|---|
| UNIT-I | Definition and basic properties of groups, subgroup, subgroup generated by subset, Cyclic groups and simple properties. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of Group & its properties. ✓ Get an idea of Subgroups, Cyclic groups and simple properties. Students will be able to: |
| | Coset decomposition, Lagrange's theorem and its corollaries including Fermat's theorem, Normal subgroups, and Quotient groups. | ✓ Get an idea of Use Lagrange's theorem ✓ Explain the significance of the notions of cossets, normal subgroups, and Quotient groups. ✓ Recall and use of definition & properties of cosets and subgroups. |
| UNIT-III | Homomorphism and Isomorphism of groups, fundamental theorem of homomorphism. Transformation and permutation group Sn (various subgroups of Sn, n<5 to be studied), Cayley's theorem. | Students will be able to: ✓ Understands the concepts of Homomorphism and isomorphism of groups. ✓ Get an idea of Permutation group and its subgroups. ✓ Understands Cayley's theorem and its applications. |
| UNIT-IV | Group Automorphism, inner Automorphism, group of Automorphisms, Conjugacy relation and centraliser. Normaliser, Counting Principle, class equation of a finite group, Cauchy's theorem for finite abelian groups and non- abelian groups. | row to define conjugacy relation and centraliser. ✓ Define Normaliser, Counting Principle ✓ Understands Cauchy's theorem for finite abelian & non abelian groups. |
| UNIT-V | Definition and basic properties of Rings. Ring homomorphism, subrings, Ideals and Quotient rings, Polynomial rings & its properties, Integral domain and field. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of Ring, subring & Ring homomorphism ✓ Understands Integral domain and field. |



B.Sc. – II Year Paper-II P a p e r -II Mathematics

Advanced Calculus

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|----------|---|---|
| UNIT-I | Definition of a sequence, Theorems on | Students will be able to: |
| | limits of sequences, bounded and | Get an idea of, Cauchy's convergence criterion. |
| | monotonic sequences, Cauchy's | ✓ Understands the convergence of a series of real numbers by comparison test, Cauchy's Integral test, |
| | convergence criterion, series of non- | Cauchy's Root test, ratio tests, Raabe's tests, |
| | negative terms, comparison test, | logarithmic tests. |
| | Cauchy's Integral test, Cauchy's Root | ✓ How to applied Leibnitz's test for alternating |
| | test, ratio tests, Raabe's tests, | series? |
| | logarithmic tests, Alternating series, | ✓ Get an idea of acquaint the student with |
| | Leibnitz's test, Absolute and conditional | mathematical tools available in Statistics |
| | convergence | needed in various field of science and |
| | | engineering. |
| UNIT-II | Continuity of functions of single | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of properties of |
| | variable, sequential continuity. | continuous functions. |
| | Properties of continuous functions. | ✓ Understands sequential continuity, uniform |
| | Uniform continuity, chain rule of | continuity. |
| | differentiability, Mean value | ✓ Applying Chain rule of differentiability. |
| | theorems and their geometrical | ✓ Understand the consequences of various |
| | Darboux's intermediate theorem for | mean value theorems for differentiable |
| | Derivatives | functions. |
| UNIT-III | Limit and continuity of functions of | Students will be able to: |
| | two variables, Partial differentiation, | ✓ Get an idea of examine the continuity of a function at a point. |
| | Change of variable, Euler's theorem on | ✓ Euler's theorem is very useful to proving |
| | homogeneous functions, Taylor's | complicated problem based on partial |
| | theorem for function of two variables, | differentiation in simpler manner. |
| | Jacobians. | ✓ How to apply Taylor's theorem? |
| | | ✓ Definition of Jacobians and it can |
| | | be used to check variable are independent or |
| UNIT-IV | | dependent. Students will be able to: |
| 0111-10 | Envelopes, Evolutes, maxima and | ✓ Get an idea of How to find maxima and |
| | minima of functions of two variables, | minima of functions of two variables. Finding |
| | Lagrange's multiplier method, Beta | maxima or minima also has important applications |
| | and Gamma functions | in linear algebra and game theory. |
| | | ✓ Derive relation between Beta and Gamma |
| | | functions. |
| | | ✓ Evaluate integrals by using Beta and Gamma functions. |
| UNIT-V | Double and triple Integrals, volumes | Students will be able to: |
| | and surfaces of solid of revolution, | ✓ Get an idea of Change of variables in |
| | Dirichlet's integrals, change of order of | integral. |
| | integration in double integrals | \checkmark Apply double and triple integral to find Area, |
| | | Volume, Total mass, Centre of gravity and Moment |
| | | of inertia. |
| | | ✓ Understand to the Change the order of integration |
| | | in double integral. It's very useful to compute the value of |
| | | some difficult integral in easier manner. |



B.Sc. – II- y e a r

Paper-II

Differential Equations

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|-----------|---|--|
| UNIT-I | Series solution of differential equations, Power series method, Bessel and Legendre equations, Bessel and Legendre functions and their properties recurrence and generating function, Orthogonality of functions. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of ordinary and regular singular points. ✓ Bessel's and Legendre' functions generating function. ✓ Orthogonality of functions. |
| UNIT- II | Laplace transformation, Linearity of Laplace transformation, Existence theorem for Laplace transform, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, shifting theorem s, differentiation and integration of transforms. | Students will be able to: Get an idea of Laplace transforms using various properties. Understands Existence theorem for Laplace transforms. Differentiation and integration of transforms. How to solve differential equations by using Laplace Transform. How to find transfer function of mechanical system, how to use Laplace Transform in nuclear physics as well as Automation engineering, Control engineering and Signal processing. |
| UNIT- III | Inverse Laplace transforms, convolution theore m, Application of Laplace transformation for solving initial value problems of second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of inverse Laplace transform to solve differential equations. ✓ Students can find inverse Laplace transform using convolution theorem of function which can be expressed as a product of two functions. ✓ Inverse Laplace transformation and Fourier Transform which are used in various branches of engineering. |
| UNIT- IV | Partial differential equations of the first order, Lagrange's solution, some special types of equations which can be solved easily by methods other t h a n the general method, Charpit's general method. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of Find the solution of First order linear partial differential equations (Lagrange's PDE). ✓ Find the solution of First order nonlinear partial differential equations (Standard forms & Charpit's methods). |
| UNIT- V | Partial differential equation of second and higher orders, Classification of partial differential equations of second order, Homogeneous and non- homogeneous equations with constant coefficients, equation of vibrating string, heat equation Laplace's equation and them solutions. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of PDE. ✓ Solve Homogeneous and non- homogeneous equations with constant coefficients. ✓ Learn the use of the separation of variable technique to solve partial differential equations relating to heat conduction in solids and vibration of solids in multidimensional systems. |



B.Sc. – III Year

Paper-I

Linear Algebra and Numerical Analysis

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|----------|---|---|
| UNIT-I | Definition and examples of Vector spaces, subspaces, sum and direct sum of subspaces, Linear span, Linear dependence, independence and their basic properties, Basis, Existence theorem for basis, Dimension, Finite dimensional vector spaces, existence of complementary subspaces of a subspaces of a finite dimensional vector space, Dimension of sum of subspaces, Quotient space and its | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of sum & direct space of subspaces. ✓ How to check vectors are L.D.? Or L.I. ✓ Know about Basis, Existence theorem. ✓ Define FDVS, Quotient space and its dimension. |
| UNIT-II | dimension. Linear transformations and their representation as matrices, Algebra of linear transformations, Rank- Nullity theorem, change of basis, dual space, bi-dual space and natural isomorphism, adjoint of a linear transformation, Diagonalisation, Bilinear, Quadratic and hermitian forms. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of linear transformations and their representation as matrices. ✓ Applying Rank-Nullity theorem. ✓ How to use Diagonalisation. ✓ Bilinear, Quadratic and hermitian forms. |
| UNIT-III | Inner Product Space- Cauchy- Schwartz inequality, orthogonal vectors, orthogonal complements, orthogonal sets and bases, Bessel's inequality for finite dimensional spaces, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of How to use Cauchy- Schwartz inequality ✓ Recall Orthogonal vectors, orthogona l complements, orthogonal sets and bases. ✓ Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process. Students will be able to: |
| UNIT-IV | Solution of Equations: Bisection, Secant, Regula- Falsi, Newton's Methods. Roots of second degree polynomial equations. Interpolation: Lagrange interpolation, divided differences, Interpolation formula using Differences. Numerical Quadrature. Newton's-Cote's formulae, Gauss Quadrature formulae. | ✓ Get an idea of numerical methods. ✓ Understand the concepts of interpolation & how to use for equal & unequal intervals. ✓ How to apply Newton's-Cote, Gauss Quadrature formulae. |
| UNIT-V | Linear equations direct methods for solving systems of linear equations (Gauss elimination, LU decomposition, Cholesky decomposition), Iterative methods (Jacobi, Gauss Seidal reduction methods.). Ordinary differential equations: Euler's method, single step method, Runge-Kutt's method, Multistep methods, Milne Simpson method. Methods based on Numerical integration, Methods based on numerical diff. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of solve systems of linear equations. ✓ Iterative methods to solve systems of linear equations. ✓ how to apply Numerical Method to solve ODE. ✓ Get an idea of Numerical Integration ✓ Understand Numerical Differentiation Understands the applications of numerical integration in |



B.Sc. – III Year Paper-II

Mathematics

Real and Complex Analysis

| UNITS | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|--------------------|---|---|
| UNIT-I UNIT- II | Riemann integral, Integrability of continuous and monotonic functions. The fundamental theorem of integral calculus. Mean value theorems of integral calculus, Partial derivatives and differentiability of real-valued functions of two variables. Schwarz's and Young's theorem. Implicit function theorem. Improper integrals and their convergence, Comparison tests, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests. Frullani's integral as a function of a parameter. Continuity, derivability and Integrability of an integral of a function of a parameter. Fourier | Student must be able to ✓ Get an idea of Riemann integral. ✓ Get an idea of The fundamental theorem of integral calculus. ✓ Get an idea of Mean value theorems of integral calculus. ✓ Understands Schwarz's and Young's theorem. Implicit function theorem. Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of Improper integrals. ✓ Get an idea of Comparison tests, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests. |
| LINIT | series of half and full intervals. | ✓ Get an idea of Continuity, derivability and Integrability of an integral of a function of a parameter. ✓ Fourier series of half and full intervals. Students will be able to: |
| UNIT- III | Definition and examples of metric spaces. Neighbourhoods. Limit points. Interior points. Open and closed sets. Closure and interior Boundary points. Subspace of metric space, Cauchy sequences, Completeness, Cantor's intersection theorem. Contraction principle, Real number as a complete ordered field. Dense subsets. Baire Category theorem. Separable, second countable and first countable spaces Continuous functions, Uniform continuity, Properties of continuous functions on Compact sets. | Students will be able to: Get an idea of metric space. Known about Limit points. Interior points. Open and closed sets. Define Cauchy's sequence and completeness. Cantor's intersection theorem and Baire Category theorem. Get an idea of Second countable and first countable spaces, Continuous functions, Uniform continuity. Properties of continuous functions on Compact sets. |
| UNIT- IV | Continuity and differentiability of complex functions. Analytic functions, Cauchy- Riemann equations, harmonic functions, Cauchy's Theorem, Cauchy's Integral formula. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of continuity and differentiability of complex functions. ✓ Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's theorem & Cauchy's Integral formula. |
| UNIT- V | Power series representation of an analytical function, Taylor's series Laurent's series, Singularities, Cauchy's Residue Theorem, contours Integration. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of analytic functions as power series ✓ Know about Taylor's, Laurent's series. ✓ How to find singular point & Compute residue at which. ✓ Evaluation of c o n t o u r s Integration using Cauchy's Residue Theorem. |



B.Sc. – III Year Paper-III

Mathematics

Graph Theory

| UNIT S | COURSE CONTENTS | COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES |
|--------------|---|--|
| UNIT- I | Boolean Function, Disjunctive& cunjunctive normal form. Bools expansion theorem, Realation. | Students will be able to: ✓ Get an idea of Boolean Function. ✓ Get an idea of Disjunctive& cunjunctive normal form. ✓ Bools expansion theorem. Students will be able to: |
| UNIT- II | Partial order Relations, Partial order sets, Hasse diagram, Maximal ana minimal Eliments, Lettice. | Get an idea of Partial Order Relations. Known about Partial order sets. Define Hasse diagram. Maximal ana minimal Eliments. |
| UNIT- III | Graph, Subgraph, connectad and disconnected graphs, Euler graph, path and circuit, weighted graph, algorithm for shortest paths. | ✓ Properties of Lettice. Students will be able to: ✓ Graph, Subgraph, connectad and disconnected graphs. ✓ Euler graph, path and circuit. ✓ Define weighted graph, algorithm for shortest paths. |
| UNIT- IV | Trees and its properties, rooted tree, binary tree, rank and nullity of a graph, KRUSKAL and PRISM algorithm. | Students will be able to: Get an idea of Trees and its properties Know about rooted tree and binary tree. How to find rank and nullity of a graph? Evaluation of KRUSKAL and PRISM algorithm. |
| UNIT- V | Matrix Representation of graphs, Incidence and Adjacency matrix, Cuset and planar graphs. | Students will be able to: Get an idea of Matrix Representation of graphs. Known about Incidence and Adjacency matrix. Define Cuset and planar graphs. |



Program Specific Outcome (PSO's)

l paper

Physics

Class: - B.Sc. I year

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | able to- |
| T | Mathematical physics | Understand scalar and vector quantities. Addition, subtraction and product of two vectors; Triple and quadruple product (without geometrical applications); Scalar and vector fields; Differentiation of a vector; Use of Gradient, Divergence and Curl; Use of Laplacian operator; Use of line, surface and volume integrals; Use of Gauss', Stokes' and Green's Theorems. |
| Π | Mechanics | Understand Position, velocity and acceleration vectors, Able to find out component of vector quntitity. Newton's Laws of motion and its explanation with problems, Various type of force in nature Know about the gravitational field, and Potential. Understand concept of System of particles, and C.M. Solve the problem related to Elastic and inelastic collisions. Understand Elastic moduli and their relations, |
| III | General Properties of Matter | Understand Elastic moduli and their relations, Able to determine rigidity of wire. Know of concept of Surface Tension, Angle of Contact, Determination of surface tension by various method; Concept of Viscous Forces and Viscosity; Define the flow of fluid. |
| IV | Oscillations | Understand Concept of Simple, Periodic & Harmonic Oscillation with illustrations; Solve problem of harmonic oscillator, Find out Kinetic and potential energy of Harmonic Oscillator; |
| V | Relativistic Mechanics | Understand the motion of objects in different frame of references. Develop understanding of special theory of relativity and its applications to understand length contraction, time dilation, relativistic addition of velocities, conservation of momentum and variation of mass, relativistic momentum, relativistic energy, and massenergy relation. |



Class: - B.Sc. I year II paper

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|----------------------------|---|
| I | Thermodynamics-I | Understand concept of Heat energy. Know about Reversible and irreversible process. Understand concept of Heat engines, Definition of efficiency, Effective way to increase efficiency, Carnot's engines and refrigerator, Its applications. Steam engine, Otto engine, Petrol engine, Diesel engine. |
| II | Thermodynamics-II | Know Concept of entropy, and its Physical significance. Make Relation b e t w e e n thermodynamic variables. |
| III | Statistical Physics-I | Know about the different states of particle and probability of particles in that states. Understand the concept of ensemble. It's type. |
| IV | Statistical Physics-II | Understand Phase space, The probability of a distribution, Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics, Constraints of accessible and inaccessible states. Bose-Einstein statistics, Black-body radiation. Fermi-Dirac statistics. Concept of Phase transitions. |
| v | Contribution Of Physicists | Know about S.N. Bose, M.N. Saha, Maxwell, Clausius, Boltzmann, Joule, Wien, Einstein, Planck, Bohr, Heisenberg, Fermi, Dirac, Max Born, Bardeen. |



Class: - B.Sc. II year

l paper

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| I | Geometrical Optic s and Waves. | Gain knowledge on various theories of light Acquire skills to identify and apply formulas of optics and wave physics Understand the properties of light like reflection, refraction, interference, diffraction etc Understand the applications of diffraction and polarization. Understand the applications of interference in design and working of interferometers. Understand the resolving power of different optical instruments. Gain knowledge on working of holography and their applications in various fields. Gain knowledge in optical fiber and their applications in communication Define constructive interference. Explain how various wave properties affect interference. |
| 111 | Diffraction | To recognize that light is a wave with a small wavelength. To learn that diffraction is the bending of waves around an obstacle, and to differentiate this from projection. To gain familiarity with single-slit and multi- slit diffraction patterns. To learn that the dimensions of features in a diffraction pattern are inversely related to the dimensions of the object causing diffraction for small angles. To apply the diffraction equations to determine the size of features on some common objects, including CDs and DVDs, hairs, etc. |
| IV | Polarization | The focus of this lesson is to give students an opportunity to learn and apply concepts of polarization to understand wave nature of light and the difference between longitudinal and transverse waves. They would then look for sources of polarized light around them and the method of analyzing if light is polarized or not and investigate polarization by reflection. Students will then discuss applications of polarized light to various phenomena including sun glasses, 3D |



| Class: - | B.Sc. II | l year | II paper |
|----------|----------|--------|----------|
|----------|----------|--------|----------|

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- | |
|------|---|---|--|
| | | | |
| I | Electrostatics | Students will be able to define Static electricity. Students will be able to explain what happens when neutral, positively charged, and/or negatively charged objects come into contact with one another. Students will be able to identify what causes two objects to attract or repel from one another. | |
| II | Magneto statics | Illustrate the physical concepts of static electric fields. Describe the physical concepts of static magnetic fields. Apply the maxwell equations to solve problems in electromagnetic field theory. Analyze the propagation of wave in different media. | |
| Ш | Current electricit y and Bio Electricity | Students are able to understandthe concept of Potential difference and current and alsothe process of finding the unknown current in a loop using KVL and KCL. Students will be able to understand the practical application of resistors and cells and it different combination in real life. Students will be able to operate different electrical instruments like POT, Meter bridge, Galvanometer, Voltmeter, ammeter etc. also they learned to find the least count of given measuring instrument. | |
| IV | Motion of Charged Particle in Electric and Magnetic field | Student able to find out the trajectory of charged particle when it is entered in magnetic. Able to find out force on moving charged particles in magnetic field. Students are able to accelerate the charged particle. | |
| v | Electrodynamics. | Students will learn about the different method to induce an emf in a given conductor which is useful to understand the concept of Mutual and self-induction. Students acquires the basic knowledge about the Principle construction working and real life application of Transformer and Dynamo | |



Class: - B.Sc. III year I paper

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|---|---|
| | | |
| I | Quantum Mechanics–I | Pinpoint the historical aspects of development of quantum mechanics. Understand and explain the differences between classical and quantum mechanics. Understand the idea of wave function. Understand the uncertainty relations. Solve Schrodinger equation for simple potentials |
| II | Quantum Mechanics – II | Understand Time independent Schrodinger equation: understand One dimensional potential well and barrier. Boundary conditions. Bound and unbound states. Calculate Reflection and transmission coefficients for a rectangular barrier in one dimension. Understand Conceptof Free particle in one-dimensional box, and calculate eigen functions and eigen values of a free particle. |
| III | Atomic Spectroscopy | describe The atomic spectra of one and two valance electron atoms. Explain the change in behavior of atoms in external applied electric and magnetic field. Explain rotational, vibrational, electronic and Raman spectra of molecules. Describe electron spin and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy and their applications. |
| IV | Molecular Spectroscopy | describe The atomic spectra of one and two valance electron atoms. Explain the change in behavior of atoms in external applied electric and magnetic field. Explain rotational, vibrational, electronic and Raman spectra of molecules. Describe electron spin and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy and their applications. |
| V | Nuclear Physics and Elementary Particles | After taking this course, students are able to determine the charge, mass of any nucleus by using various spectrographs. They are able to understand the size of nucleus and all its properties. This course has led the students to understand interaction of various types of radiation with matter which they observe in their daily life. It's easy for them now to relate the theory to practical. Students now know various methods of accelerating various types of particles to perform scattering experiments. Students are able to understand the detecting methods and instruments for different types of charged and neutral particles. |



| Class: - B.Sc. | III year | ll paper |
|----------------|----------|----------|
|----------------|----------|----------|

| Unit | Course Content | Learning Outcome: - After Completion of Course student will able to- |
|------|------------------------------|---|
| Ι | Solid State Physics-I | Understand concept of Crystal Structure. Determination of crystal structure with X-rays. know about various type of Bonding between atoms. Understand Band theory of solids. |
| Π | Solid State Physics-II | Understand the concept of specific heats of solids Know about Domains. Understand of BH hysteresis. Know about Super conductivity. |
| m | Semiconductor Devices- I | Students are able to classified solids They know about semiconductor, types of Semiconductors (p and n). Formation of Energy Bands, Energy level diagram. Conductivity and mobility. Junction formation, Barrier formation in p-n junction diode. Current flow mechanism in forward and reverse biased diode. Transistors and it's Characteristics |
| IV | Semiconductor Devices- II | Understand Basic concepts of amplitude, frequency and phase modulations and demodulation. Understand Digital Electronics: Boolean Identities, De-Morgan's law, Logic gate and truth table.simple logics Circuits; Thermistors, solar cells. Concepts of Microprocessors and digital computer. |
| V | Nano Materials | After completing this course student will be able to: Learn about the background on Nanoscience Understand the synthesis of nanomaterials and their application and the impact of nanomaterials on environment Apply their learned knowledge to develop Nanomaterial's. |



| Class: B. Sc. 1 st year | paper-1 | Zoology |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|

| Unit | Course/Content | Learning Outcome: - After attend the class student |
|-----------------|---|---|
| | | able to learn. |
| 1 st | Elementary knowledge of Zoological Nomenclature and International Code Classification of Lower Invertebrates (According to Parker Haswell 7th edition) Protozoa 2. Porifera 3. Mollusca 4. Echinodermata 5. Nematohelminthes) Classification of higher invertebrates (According to Parker Haswell 7th edition) (1. Annelida 2. Arthropoda 3. Mollusca 4. Echinodermata 5. Hemichordata) | Get knowledge about classification and phylogeny of invertebrates. |
| 2nd | Protozoa: Type study of Plasmodium Protozoa and Diseases Porifera: Type study of Sycon | Get knowledge about different protozoan disease and apply it for |
| | Formera: Type study of Sycon Coelenterata: Type study of Obelia Corals and Coral Reef formation | human welfare they know about the importance of colenterates and coral reef. |
| 3rd | Helminthes: Type study of Fasciola hepatica Pathogenic symptoms of Nematodes and diseases Annelida: Type study of Earthworm Coelom and Metamerism in Annelida Structure and Significance of Trochophore larva | Students will be able to understand the anatomy and physiology of helminth animals. |
| 4th | Arthopoda: Type study of Prawn(Palaemon) Larval forms of Crustacea Different types of mouth parts in insects Insects as Vectors of human diseases Mollusca: Type study of Pila(An Apple Snail) | Students learn about the animals of phylum arthopoda and mollusca they also get knowledge about their larvel forms. |
| 5 th | Echinodermata: External features and water vascular system of Star fish(Asterias) Life history of Star fish Larval forms of Echinoderms Hemichordata: Type study of Balanoglossus Affinities of Balanglossus. | Able to understand the anatomy and physiology of Starfish student study the minor Fila and learn about the hemichordet |



Class: B. Sc. 1st year

paper-2

Zoology

| Unit | Course/Content | Learning Outcome: - After attend the class student able to learn. |
|-----------------|--|--|
| 1 st | History of Cell Biology, Cell theory Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Cells Structure and functions of Plasma membrane. Structure and functions of Golgi body, Endoplasmic reticulum, Lysosomes. Structure and functions of Mitochondria, Ribosome, Centriole. | Students get knowledge about prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell they learn the structure and function of different cell organelles. |
| 2 ^{na} | Structure and functions of Nucleus and Nucleolus Structure and functions of typical Chromosome Basic concept of Chromatin and Heterochromatin Structure and functions of Lamp brush and Polytene Chromosome Cell Cycle, Mitotic and Meiotic cell Division | They learn about the structure of nucleus and chromosomes they know that how to cell divide by mitosis and meiosis division. |
| 3ra | Gametogenesis Fertilization Parthenogenesis Regeneration Stem cells sources, types and their uses | Students get knowledge about gametogenesis an d fertilization they also learn about parthenogenesis and regeneration process. |
| 4 ^m | Development of Frog 1. Cleavage 2. Blastulation 3. Fate map construction 4. Gastrulation and formation of three germinal layers Structure of Tadpole Larva | Students able to learn the complete development of frog moroora blastula and gastrula. |
| 5 ^m | Development of Chick Cleavage Blastulation Fate map construction Gastrulation Development of chick embryo upto formation of primitive streaks Extra embryonic membranes in chicks | Student get knowledge about the embryonic development of chick up to the formation of primitive streak. |

Samaj Prabodhan Sanstha's



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Communication of Vision, Mission, POs, and Cos

At the onset of each academic term, faculty ensure that the COs of their respective courses are clearly conveyed to students.

COs are also uploaded on Midlife LMS platform

Apart from being prominently displayed on our official college website, vision, mission and PEOs find a place in our student journals providing consistent reminders of their educational journey's goals.

Vision, Mission and PEOs and POs are also displayed at various places in college like corridors and laboratories.

The induction programs at the start of every academic year serve as an orientation, where these outcomes and objectives are presented to both students and faculty.

For transparency and adherence to our goals, our exam question papers are mapped according to the COs and POs, providing students with a clear pathway to attain these outcomes.

Stakeholders, including parents, alumni, and faculty, are regularly apprised of these outcomes during various institute events, ensuring collective alignment and commitment.

In conclusion, our institute stands firm in its commitment to transparently convey and uphold its educational standards. By detailing and displaying our COs and POs across various platforms, we ensure that our stakeholders are always aware and aligned with our educational vision.

IQAC COORDINATOR

PRINCIPAL